§518.1

- 518.5 What process will the Commission use to review petitions?
- 518.6 When will a certificate of self-regulation become effective?
- 518.7 If a tribe holds a certificate of self-regulation, is it required to report information to the Commission to maintain its self-regulatory status?
- 518.8 Does a tribe that holds a certificate of self-regulation have a continuous duty to advise the Commission of any information?
- 518.9 Are any of the investigative or enforcement powers of the Commission limited by the issuance of a certificate of self-regulation?
- 518.10 Under what circumstances may the Commission remove a certificate of self-regulation?
- 518.11 May a tribe request a hearing on the Commission's proposal to remove its certificate?
- 518.12 May a tribe request reconsideration by the Commission of a denial of a petition or a removal of a certificate of selfregulation?

AUTHORITY: 25 U.S.C. 2706(b)(10), 2710(c)(3)-(6).

SOURCE: 63 FR 41969, Aug. 6, 1998, unless otherwise noted.

§518.1 What does this part cover?

This part sets forth requirements for obtaining, and procedures governing, the Commission's issuance of certificates of self-regulation of class II gaming operations under 25 U.S.C. 2710(c). When the Commission issues a certificate of self-regulation, the certificate is issued to the tribe, not to a particular gaming operation; the certificate will apply to all class II gaming operations operated by the tribe that holds the certificate.

§518.2 Who may petition for a certificate of self-regulation?

A tribe may submit to the Commission a petition for self-regulation of class II gaming if, for the three (3) year period immediately preceding the date of its petition:

- (a) The tribe has continuously conducted the gaming activity for which it seeks self-regulation;
- (b) All gaming that the tribe has engaged in, or licensed and regulated, on Indian lands within the tribe's jurisdiction, is located within a State that permits such gaming for any purpose by any person, organization or entity (and such gaming is not otherwise specifi-

cally prohibited on Indian lands by federal law), in accordance with 25 U.S.C. 2710(b)(1)(A);

- (c) The governing body of the tribe has adopted an ordinance or resolution that the Chairman has approved, in accordance with 25 U.S.C. 2710(b)(1)(B);
- (d) The tribe has otherwise complied with the provisions of 25 U.S.C. 2710; and
- (e) The gaming operation and the tribal regulatory body have, for the three years immediately preceding the date of the petition, maintained all records required to support the petition for self-regulation.

§ 518.3 What must a tribe submit to the Commission as part of its petition?

- (a) A petition for a certificate of selfregulation under this part shall contain:
- (1) Two copies on 8-1/2"×11" paper of a petition for self-regulation approved by the governing body of the tribe and certified as authentic by an authorized tribal official, which includes:
- (i) A brief history of each gaming operation(s), including the opening dates and periods of voluntary or involuntary closure;
- (ii) An organizational chart of the independent tribal regulatory body;
- (iii) A description of the process by which all employee and regulator positions at the independent tribal regulatory body are filled, including qualifying and disqualifying criteria;
- (iv) A description of the process by which the independent tribal regulatory body is funded and the funding level for the three years immediately preceding the date of the petition;
- (v) A list of the current regulators and employees of the independent tribal regulatory body, their titles, the dates they began employment, and, if serving limited terms, the expiration date of such terms:
- (vi) A list of the current gaming operation division heads; and
- (vii) A report, with supporting documentation, including a sworn statement signed by an authorized tribal official, which explains how tribal net gaming revenues were used in accordance with the requirements of 25 U.S.C. 2710(b)(2)(B);

- (2) A descriptive list of the documents maintained by the tribe, together with an assurance that the listed documents or records are available for the Commission's review for use in determining whether the tribe meets the eligibility criteria of §518.2 and the approval criteria of §518.4, which shall include but is not limited to:
- (i) The tribe's constitution or other governing documents;
- (ii) If applicable, the tribe's revenue allocation plan pursuant to 25 U.S.C. 2710(b)(3):
- (iii) A description of the accounting system(s) at both the gaming operation and the tribe that account for the flow of the gaming revenues from receipt to their ultimate use, consistent with IGRA:
- (iv) Manual(s) of the internal control systems of the gaming operation(s);
- (v) A description of the record keeping system for all allegations of criminal or dishonest activity for the three (3)-year period immediately preceding the date of the petition, and measures taken to resolve the allegations;
- (vi) A description of the record keeping system for all investigations, enforcement actions, and prosecutions of violations of the tribal gaming ordinance or regulations, for the three (3)-year period immediately preceding the date of the petition, including dispositions thereof;
- (vii) A description of the personnel record keeping system of all current employees of the gaming operation(s);
- (viii) The dates of issuance, and criteria for the issuance of tribal gaming licenses issued for each place, facility or location at which gaming is conducted; and
- (ix) The tribe's current set of gaming regulations: and
- (3) A copy of the public notice required under 25 CFR 518.5(d) and a certification, signed by a tribal official, that it has been posted. Upon publication of the notice in a local newspaper, the tribe shall forward an affidavit of publication to the Commission.

§518.4 What criteria must a tribe meet to receive a certificate of self-regulation?

(a) The Commission shall issue a certificate of self-regulation if it deter-

- mines that the tribe has, for the three years immediately preceding the petition:
- (1) Conducted its gaming activity in a manner that:
- (i) Has resulted in an effective and honest accounting of all revenues;
- (ii) Has resulted in a reputation for safe, fair, and honest operation of the activity; and
- (iii) Has been generally free of evidence of criminal or dishonest activity;
- (2) Adopted and is implementing adequate systems for:
- (i) Accounting of all revenues from the activity;
- (ii) Investigation, licensing and monitoring of all employees of the gaming activity; and
- (iii) Investigation, enforcement and prosecution of violations of its gaming ordinance and regulations;
- (3) Conducted the operation on a fiscally and economically sound basis; and
- (4) The gaming activity has been conducted in compliance with the IGRA, NIGC regulations in this chapter, and the tribe's gaming ordinance and gaming regulations.
- (b) Indicators that a tribe has met the criteria set forth in paragraph (a) of this section may include, but are not limited to:
- (1) Adoption and implementation of minimum internal control standards which are at least as stringent as those promulgated by the Commission, or until such standards are promulgated by the Commission, minimum internal control standards at least as stringent as those required by the State of Nevada or the State of New Jersey;
- (2) Evidence that suitability determinations are made with respect to tribal gaming regulators which are at least as stringent as those required for key employees and primary management officials of the gaming operation(s);
- (3) Evidence of an established independent regulatory body within the tribal government which:
- (i) Monitors gaming activities to ensure compliance with federal and tribal laws and regulations;
- (ii) Promulgates tribal gaming regulations pursuant to tribal law;